WEB PAGES AND MULTIMEDIA
A QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE TO USING MLA STYLE

Guidelines for Writing a Works Cited Entry for a World Wide Web Source:
1. Cite information for the source (include whatever information is available and appropriate to the source):
   * Author/Editor (if given, followed by a period).
   * Title of article in quotation marks (period inside quotation marks).
   * Print publication information if source has a print version (followed by a period).
2. Cite information about the electronic publication (as available):
   * Title of the website (italicized and followed by a period).
   * Sponsoring organization (followed by a comma). Use “N.p.” if not given.
   * Posting date or latest update. Use “n.d.” if not given.
   * Medium of publication (Web, followed by a period).
   * Date of access (day/month/year, followed by a period).

NOTE: MLA no longer requires including the URL for Web publications unless the instructor requires it or it would be difficult to find the source without it. If the URL is included, it is put at the end of the entry within angle brackets, followed by a period.

REMEMBER: All Works Cited entries are double spaced.

Online Encyclopedia Article

Magazine Article found on the Web


Include URLs if required by instructors or when websites are hard to find.

Scholarly Journal Article found on the Web:

Newspaper Article found on the Web:


Website:


Corporate Author:

E-books:

Government Publications on the Web:


Multimedia Sources

Sound Recording on Compact Disc

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Composer/Performer. “Song Title,” Composition date. Title of Recording. Performers. Manufacturer, date of issue. CD. Supplementary info.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Film, Theatre, or Television (Live Screening, Performance, DVD, etc.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title. Director. Performers [if pertinent]. Other Contributors [if pertinent]. Original release date [if appropriate]. Distributor, year of release. Medium.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>